## Homework 7

Due November 15th on paper at the beginning of class. Justify your answers. Please let me know if you have a question or find a mistake. The book is https://archive.org/details/complex-variables-2ed-dover-1999-fisher/page/n23/mode/2up.

- Section 3.1 (page 179) #5, 6
- Nonbook problems:
  - 1. Show that if f is a polynomial with real coefficients, then roots of f are symmetric about the real axis.
  - 2. For each of  $f(z) = z^9 + 5z^2 + 3$  and  $f(z) = z^7 + 6z^3 + 7$ , find how many zeroes f has in the fourth quadrant and how many in the half plane  $\{z \colon \operatorname{Re} z < 0\}$ . (This should be quick based on your work above.)
  - 3. Pick one of the f's above, and find R > 0 such that you can use Rouché's theorem (as in Example 4) to determine how many zeroes f has in each of the zones  $\{z : |z| < R\}$ ,  $\{z : R < |z| < R + 1\}$  and  $\{z : R + 1 < |z|\}$ .
  - 4. Pick one of the f's above and an R > 0, make a sketch of the complex plane with the circles  $\{z \colon |z| = R\}$  and  $\{z \colon |z| = R+1\}$ , and find how many zeroes of f lie in each of the twelve open regions bounded by those circles and the coordinate axes, and how many on each boundary segment between regions.

*Hints:* For nonbook 1, show and use  $\overline{f(z)} = f(\overline{z})$ . For nonbook 4, a good choice of f and R makes things easier; it is easiest if all zeroes fall within a single zone. Watch out for zeroes on the axes.